## Getting organised at the weekend

THE FIRST City of London "Weekender" congress deserves recognition in a way that has little to do with the actual playing. Organisationally, the event broke new ground, being arranged — as a financial venture - by two private individuals, Bill Bonds and Boyd Parker, enthusiasts from the Charlton

Chess Club in Kent.

Most weekenders organised by clubs, which means that helpers are often unpaid and all profit is channelled back into the club. This is fine, except that clubs, understandably, are loath to organise more than one event a year — which in the past has left gaps in the chess

calendar during months like February.

This tournament seemed a test of whether anyone had the organisational skill and energy to run a large private tournament and still receive popular support. More than 750 entries poured in as confirmation.

On to the actual results:

Open section (144 competed): 1st, H. J. Plaskett 6/6. 2nd, M. J. Basman 5½/6. 3rd-equal, M. G. Chandler, L. S. Blackstock, A. J. Kosten and K. C. Arkell, all 5/6.

Grandmaster John Nunn also competed, but scored only four and a half points - and afterwards gave a talk which had rather unfortunately been entitled "Success at Chess"! He was most entertaining. however, and demonstrated puzzles and problems, and some of his most exciting games. One dashing example

2.c×b7!

1.dxc6 Rxd1

 $R \times fl$  ch 3. $K \times fl$  Ra6

7. Qd×d7 Rel mate)

7.Q×c3 Resigns.

13... Nb6 leads to 4.Q×b6;

eg 4...Rb8 5.B×b8 Q×b8

6.Qc6 Ne8 7.Qc8 Be5 8.Bc6 Kf8 9.B×e8. In the game.

however, I get a second

4.b8=Q Nd7 5.Qc7 Re6 6.Qd2 B×c3 (a last trick:

MURRAY CHANDLER

was from this tournament. TROMPOVSKY'S ATTACK

K. Wicker Nf6

2. Bg5!? Ne4 3. Bh4 **C**5

White's unusual system is known, although not played very often. Num cited the normal line 4. . g5!? as the sort of move nobody would play if it hadn't been played before and wasn't the accepted theoretical move! Instead he tried a more "natural" course of retreating his knight, on the ground that White has created serious black-squared weaknesses with 4.f3.

4. ... 5. c3 Nf6 6. d×c5

An interesting decision, as White has a real chance of holding onto this pawn.

6. . . . Accurately played - after 6

e5 White has 7.e4 d×e4 8.0×d8 ch. 7. Nd2

An unclear alternative was 7.64, in order to try and hold the pawn. Black would then have to undermine the pawns as soon as possible with ideas of ... a5, ... b6 and ... d4

8. e4 d4

If  $8 \dots B \times c5$ , then 9.Nb3. planning 11.e×d5. 10.B×f6

9. c×d4?! QXd4

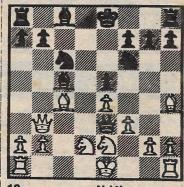
Wicker should have played 9.Nb3 but underestimated Nunn's reply. With an attack on b2 and c5, Black is assured of regaining his pawn. Wicker decided on development. -

10. Bc4 BXc5 11. Ne2 Qe3

11. . . Q×b2 12.Rb1 Qa3 13.Rb3 Qa5 14.Rb5 is not worth considering for Black.

Nunn's 11 ... Qe3, however, is a real pest to White - he cannot easily castle or get his pieces to more effective squares. Not unnaturally Wicker decided to offer a queen swap, but met a startling reply.

12. Qb3



12. . . . Nd41

This in effect gains two free moves in development, as 13.Q×e3 Nc2ch wins for Black — eg, 14.Kf2? B×e3 ch; 14.Kf1? N×e3 ch 15.Ke1 Nc2 ch; and 14.Kd1 NXe3 ch 15.Kcl N×g2 - the most mundane continuation, winning a pawn. In addition, 13.BXI ch meets simply 13 ... Kf8.

13. Qd3 0-0 14. Rc1

Now White is threatening to capture the Queen.

Qh6

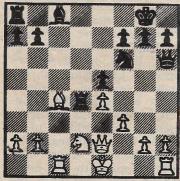
Better was 15.B×f6 Q×f6 16.B×f7 ch Q×f7 17.R×c5 QXa2, with pawns flying everywhere; but a draw is likely. White could also experiment with 15.B×f7 ch!? immediately, but has to contend with 15 cdots R imes 7  $16.B imes f6 ext{ } N imes e2!? ext{ } (planning 17...Bd4).$ 

15. . .

Although the rook is unprotected Nunn has terrible threats on the d-file, with 16. . .  $N \times f3$  ch — or if 16.0-0. then 16...N×e2 ch and the Knight on d2 is hanging.

16. N×d4 17. B×d4 18. Qe2

BXd4 RXd4



N×e4!

This crushes any chance of resistance. Nunn explained that he arrived at the move in a clockwise direction: "First I looked at 18...Nh5, thinking it would be nice to get a knight to f4, and then I looked at 18. . . Ng4, thinking it would be even nicer on e3. Except he doesn't have to accept the knight there, so finally it struck me I could take his epawn!'

19. fxe4

19. N×e4 is not possible because of 19. . .Q×c1 ch.

20. Q12

Bg4

The Queen is tied to protecting the knight, which itself is caught in an embarrassing pin against White's rook. Nunn exploits this ruthlessly.

21. Kf1

Now 21.NXe4 QXcl is checkmate!

21. ... 22. Nf3

case, White has little alterna-

25. Resigns

Michael Basman won a crazy last-round game of mixed fortunes to come second. Unfortunately I drew my game and dropped to the waiting bunch below on five points.

The following position is from the finish of my second-

round game.



R×e4 ch

R×f3!

The final stroke. 23. g×t3 24. Kg2 Qxc1 ch QXC4

24. . . Bh3 ch, leaving Black the exchange and two pawns up, is also possible, but Nunn preferred simply three pawns extra. But of course, in any tive but . . .